



## BEST PRACTICES

Describe at least two institutional best practices.

Upload details of two best practices successfully implemented by the institution as per NAAC format in your institutional website, provide the link.

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### Best Practice-1

Title of the Practice: **Swachh Bharath Abhiyaan.**

- a) It is one of the most significant and popular mission to have taken place in India. The Government has associated the Abhiyaan with Father of Nation, Mahatma Gandhi as he was involved in activities related to sanitation and Hygiene throughout his life.
- b) Swachh Bharat abhiyan translates to clean India Mission. The drive was formulated to cover all the cities and towns of India to make them clean.
- c) The Abhiyan was administered by the Prime Minister of India Narendra Modi on 2<sup>nd</sup> of October, 2014 at Rajghat, New Delhi with an aim to make India clean. It will be a befitting tribute to the father of nation on his 150<sup>th</sup> birth anniversary.
- d) The campaign of clean India movement is the biggest step taken by our college on 2-10-2014. From the day of launch of this campaign all the students and staff members had participated in the event to make the public aware of it.
- d) While leading the mass movement for cleanliness, our college exhorted the students to fulfil Mahatma Gandhi's dream of clean and hygienic India.

### **Goals:**

1. Stop Open Defecation: Cleanliness is next to godliness. Cleanliness is not limited to any person or place, it is the responsibility of the everyone to clean themselves as well as their surroundings to make India, a clean India in future.
2. Stop Death from Diarrhea: The drains are full of dirty water which create soil pollution and air pollution as well. This causes several disease and we are dying by this. Cleaning them will save lives and environment and we will remain healthy.

### **Objectives:**

- I. Providing sanitation facilities.
- II. Eradicating manual scavenging.
- III. Strengthening the cleanliness system in the urban and rural areas.
- IV. Creating trash free environment.
- V. Complete disposal and reuse of solid and liquid wastes.

**Practice:**

Our students took this abhiyan beyond classrooms. They were enthusiastic after they cleaned the college premises and took a step ahead to clean the primary health centre too. N.S.S. volunteers, during special camp at adopted village, cleaned the villages and also educate the villagers about the need to keep the surroundings clean. They not only highlighted the need for hygiene but also taught some simple methods to maintain cleanliness.

**Evidence of Success:**

The large majority of our citizens in rural India, especially the women, no longer have to suffer the indignity of having to go out into the open to defecate. It makes a sea change in the dignity of their daily life.

**Problems encountered:**

The campaign was criticised for using coercive approaches to force people to use toilets. Many households were threatened with a loss of benefits such as access to electricity or food entitlements through the public distribution system.

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**Best Practice-2****Title of the Practice:**

**Collection of Relief fund:** NSS, Youth Red Cross, Rover Scout, Heritage Club and IQAC for Kodagu Flood Victims.

**Goal:**

1. To create the sense of solidarity for victims among the students.
2. To develop the sense of humanity, unity, integrity and patriotism among the students.
3. To develop community oriented skills.

**The Context:**

In this modernised era, it is highly needed to inculcate and develop the sense of humanity, solidarity, unity, integrity and patriotism in our society. Heavy rains, along with low pressure over India's western coastline, have led to severe floods in Kerala and the Kodagu district of Karnataka. As a result, the coast of Kerala and Karnataka has received about 46% of the total rainfall received in India. Till now this has amounted to approximately 7,158 mm of rainfall. Tourists travelling to Kodagu have been advised to postpone their plans and a holiday has been declared for all educational institutions in that area. Keeping this point in mind, our NSS, Red Cross, Heritage club, Rover Scout and IQAC decided to help the Kodagu victims by collecting relief fund and sending it to Chief Minister's Flood Relief Fund. This practice helps the students to understand the sense of humanity towards victims.

**Objectives:**

1. To develop community oriented skills and leadership qualities.
2. To show human concern to the victims or sufferers in the society.
3. To give humanity touch to the present education.

**The Practice:**

This best practice has been carried out on 18-09-2018. It has been jointly conducted by NSS, Youth Red Cross, Rover Scout, Heritage Club and IQAC. The students pooled the total sum of Rs. 5,000. The teachers and support staff decided to contribute one days salary per head and inform the principal to make it TDS from their salary. This best practice has created a congenial atmosphere among the students. This practice helps the institution to develop friendly and healthy relationship among teachers and students.

**Problems encountered:**

1. Noncooperation and improper response from the public
2. Getting permission from Tahasildar.
3. Initial response from some of the students and teachers was very weak.

**Evidence of Success:**

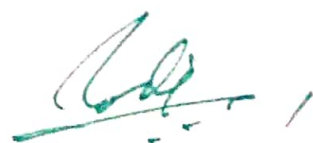
This practice under NSS, Youth Red Cross, Heritage Club, Rover Scout and IQAC has achieved the desired result. Totally 12 teachers, 8 non teaching staff and 150 students were participated very enthusiastically in the move.

**Impact of the Practice:**

Students gained the sense of belongingness, responsibility, humanity, integrity, harmony by this practice. They also feel the unity in the situation of adversity.

**Resource Required:**

No resources, except the sense of commitment, were required to conduct this practice in due course. The institution will provide and accommodate the funds if necessary.



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